Sodexo After the Pluxee Split

Idea In Short

Sodexo built its business by taking over tasks that companies, hospitals, schools and governments would rather outsource: feeding employees, cleaning buildings, managing facilities and administering employee benefits. Pierre Bellon founded the company in Marseille, France, in 1966 to provide food services to schools and restaurants and it grew through decades of acquisitions into one of the largest employers in Europe. In February 2024, Sodexo separated its meal voucher and employee benefits business, spinning it off as an independently listed company called Pluxee. The move left Sodexo focused on two core segments, food services and facilities management, delivered daily to roughly 80 million people across 45 countries. The company reported consolidated revenue of 23.8 billion euros for fiscal 2024, its first full year operating without the benefits unit that had long been part of its identity.

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From Marseille Kitchens to a European Services Giant

Pierre Bellon founded what became Sodexo in Marseille in 1966 under the name Societe d'Exploitation Hoteliere, aiming to provide food services to schools, restaurants and other institutions. The company expanded into Belgium and parts of Africa and the Middle East during the 1970s, listed on the Paris Bourse in 1983 and pushed into North and South America, Japan and South Africa soon after. A series of acquisitions, including Gardner Merchant in 1995 and a partnership with Marriott Management Services in 1998, built Sodexo into one of the largest contract food service providers in the world. The company shortened its name from Sodexho to Sodexo in 2007 and listed on the New York Stock Exchange in 2002, expanding its reach into North American institutional contracts.1

Building a Business on Outsourced Institutional Services

Sodexo grew by convincing institutional clients that services like catering, cleaning and

facility upkeep were better handled by a specialist than managed in-house. Contracts with hospitals, universities, corporate campuses and government agencies became the foundation of the business, often running for multiple years and covering everything from dining halls to HVAC maintenance. The company's 2011 agreement to provide food services for the U.S. Marine Corps, which continued for roughly eight years, illustrated how large and specialized these contracts could become. Sodexo's benefits and rewards unit, which issued meal vouchers and other employee benefit cards that client organizations distributed to their staff, grew alongside the food and facilities businesses for decades as a third, distinct revenue stream.

The Case for Splitting Off Pluxee

By the early 2020s, Sodexo's board concluded that its benefits and rewards business, a largely digital platform connecting employers, employees and merchants, had different growth prospects and capital requirements than the labor-intensive food and facilities contracts that made up the rest of the company. The benefits unit operated at higher margins and required less workforce per euro of revenue than on-site food service, making it harder for investors to value the combined company using a single set of comparisons. Sodexo's board approved a plan to separate the businesses and shareholders confirmed the spin-off in January 2024.

> Pluxee's benefits platform served more than 37 million consumers and 500,000 client companies at the time of its separation from Sodexo2

What Pluxee Took With It

Pluxee completed its spin-off and began trading independently on Euronext Paris on February 1, 2024, taking Sodexo's meal voucher, wellness and rewards platform along with a dedicated management team and a net cash position built up before the separation. Sodexo shareholders received Pluxee shares in proportion to their existing Sodexo holdings, meaning the same investors who owned Sodexo before the split now held stakes in two separately traded companies afterward. The rebranding extended to markets around the world, including the Philippines and other countries where Sodexo's benefits business had operated under the Sodexo name for years. For Sodexo, the separation meant giving up a

business that had diversified its revenue away from labor-heavy service contracts, a trade the company's leadership judged worthwhile given the different growth trajectories of the two businesses.3

A Family Company Navigating Succession

Sodexo has remained closely tied to the Bellon family since its founding, with the Bellon family holding company retaining a substantial ownership stake even after decades of public listing and acquisitions. Pierre Bellon stepped back from day-to-day leadership over time and his daughter Sophie Bellon became chair of the board in 2016. When chief executive Denis Machuel departed in September 2021, Sophie Bellon took over as interim chief executive before the board confirmed her as permanent chair and chief executive in February 2022, shortly after her father's death that January. Her leadership has spanned both the Pluxee spin-off and Sodexo's ongoing effort to strengthen its remaining food and facilities management businesses.4

Competing on Contracts, Not Just Cost

Sodexo competes against Compass Group, Aramark, Elior and other contract services firms for the same institutional clients and contracts often come up for renewal on multiyear cycles that force providers to defend pricing and service quality simultaneously. Because switching providers disrupts a client's operations, especially in settings like hospitals and prisons, incumbents have some advantage in contract renewals, but competitors regularly win business by underbidding or promising service improvements. Sodexo has tried to differentiate itself through sustainability commitments and technology upgrades in traditional food service settings, positioning these as reasons for clients to pay for quality rather than choose the lowest bidder. The labor-intensive nature of food and facilities services means Sodexo's margins remain thinner and more exposed to wage inflation than Pluxee's platform business now is as a separate company.5

Key Partners

Food and beverage suppliers form one of Sodexo's most important partner categories, given the volume of meals the company prepares daily across tens of thousands of client sites. Vendors and distribution merchants support the facilities management side of the business, supplying cleaning products, maintenance parts and equipment. Governments,

institutions and businesses that contract with Sodexo function as partners as well as customers, since many agreements involve long-term collaboration on service design rather than a simple vendor relationship. Charity organizations and innovation partners contribute to Sodexo's sustainability and community programs, extending the company's reach beyond its direct commercial contracts.

Key Activities

Preparing and serving food across client sites, from hospital cafeterias to corporate dining halls, remains Sodexo's largest single activity by headcount and revenue. Facilities management work, including cleaning, maintenance and technical building operations, forms the second major activity, often bundled into the same contracts as food service for large institutional clients. Business development and contract renewal negotiations occupy significant management attention, since Sodexo's revenue depends on winning and retaining multiyear agreements against competitors. Staff training and workforce management are ongoing activities given the scale of Sodexo's frontline employee base across dozens of countries.

Key Resources

Sodexo's workforce, spanning chefs, facilities technicians and site managers across 45 countries, is its most essential resource, since the company's services depend entirely on people delivering them on-site. Its supply chain and procurement network allow Sodexo to source food and facilities materials at scale, supporting competitive pricing on large contracts. The company's international network and client relationships, built over decades of institutional contracts, give it credibility when bidding for large government and enterprise agreements. Sodexo's brand reputation for reliability in sensitive settings, including hospitals, prisons and military installations, functions as a resource that is difficult for newer competitors to replicate quickly.

Value Propositions

For businesses and administrative clients, Sodexo offers cost efficiency by consolidating facilities management tasks that would otherwise require multiple independent contractors. For hospitals and healthcare clients, Sodexo provides quality meal services and environmentally compliant waste management suited to settings with strict health and safety

requirements. For educational institutions, Sodexo's catering and facilities services let schools and universities focus resources on academics rather than building maintenance. For government clients, including prisons and military installations, Sodexo offers services tailored to the specific operational needs of each agency, backed by a reputation for reliability and transparency in public-sector contracting.

Customer Relationships

Sodexo manages most institutional client relationships through dedicated account teams who negotiate contract terms and oversee service delivery over multiyear agreements. The company's website and customer service channels support day-to-day questions from client organizations and, in some cases, individual employees who use Sodexo-managed services. Corporate disclosures and press releases keep institutional and investor audiences informed about contract wins, financial performance and strategic changes such as the Pluxee spin-off. Social media channels supplement these relationships, primarily for employer branding and recruitment given the scale of Sodexo's frontline workforce.

Channels

Direct sales teams and regional offices handle most new business development, since institutional contracts typically require in-person negotiation and site assessment before signing. Sodexo's website serves as a channel for prospective clients to request proposals and for existing clients to manage account details. Telephone and email support handle day-to-day client communication once contracts are in place. Sponsorships and industry partnerships help Sodexo maintain visibility among procurement decision-makers at hospitals, universities and government agencies who influence contract renewals.

Customer Segments

Businesses and corporate administrations that outsource food and facilities services to reduce internal overhead make up a core Sodexo customer segment. Hospitals and healthcare facilities rely on Sodexo for food and environmental services suited to clinical settings. Educational institutions, including schools, universities and technical colleges, contract Sodexo for catering and facility upkeep. Government clients, including military installations, prisons and public agencies, represent a segment where Sodexo's experience with sensitive, high-compliance environments gives it an advantage over less specialized

competitors.

Cost Structure

Procurement of food supplies and facilities materials represents one of Sodexo's largest and most variable costs, exposed to commodity price swings and supply chain disruption. Personnel expenses make up a substantial share of costs given the labor-intensive nature of food service and facilities management across a global workforce. Operating costs for Sodexo's own offices and regional infrastructure support contract management and business development activities. Third-party service provider costs arise where Sodexo subcontracts specialized tasks, such as certain technical maintenance functions, that fall outside its core capabilities.

Revenue Streams

Food services contracts, covering catering and dining operations for businesses, hospitals, schools and government clients, generate the largest share of Sodexo's revenue following the Pluxee separation. Facilities management contracts, including cleaning, maintenance and technical building operations, form the second major revenue stream. On-site personal and home care services, serving seniors and families who need in-home support, contribute a smaller but distinct revenue stream. Sodexo also earns revenue from managing food outlets it operates directly through acquired brands integrated into its broader services portfolio.

- 1Sodexo Company History
- 2Sodexo Confirms Pluxee Spin-Off Following Shareholder Meeting
- 3Pluxee Presents Growth Plan Ahead Of Euronext Paris Listing
- 4Sodexo Announces The Loss Of Founder Pierre Bellon
- 5Sodexo Reports Robust Fiscal 2024 Results

Summary

Sodexo's decision to spin off Pluxee reflects a broader trend among diversified services conglomerates: separating faster-growing, higher-margin digital businesses from lower-

margin, labor-intensive contract services so each can be valued and managed on its own terms. Pluxee's meal voucher and benefits platform, a largely digital, high-volume transaction business, had different capital needs and growth prospects than Sodexo's food and facilities contracts, which depend on winning and renewing large, multiyear agreements with institutional clients. The split leaves Sodexo more exposed to labor costs and contract competition, since food service and facilities management remain relationship-driven, people-intensive businesses with thinner margins than transaction-based platforms. Sophie Bellon, who took over as chairwoman and chief executive after her father's death in 2022, now leads a narrower company built around the two segments Sodexo has run since its earliest days: feeding people and maintaining the places where they work, learn, heal and serve.