

# DECIDE

## Idea In Short

The DECIDE (Detect, Estimate, Choose, Identify, Do, Evaluate) decision-making framework is a structured approach originally developed for use in aviation to help pilots navigate complex situations and make critical decisions under pressure. This systematic method enables pilots to methodically work through challenges by breaking down the decision-making process into six distinct stages. By following these steps - detecting the problem, estimating its significance, choosing potential solutions, identifying the best course of action, implementing the decision, and evaluating the outcome - pilots can ensure they consider all relevant factors before taking action. While rooted in aviation, the DECIDE framework has proven valuable in various professional contexts where critical thinking and effective decision-making are essential, offering a clear roadmap for navigating both routine operations and high-stakes scenarios.

In the high-stakes world of aviation, split-second decisions can mean the difference between life and death. To navigate complex situations effectively, pilots rely on structured decision-making models. One such framework that has gained prominence is DECIDE, an acronym that stands for:

1. Detect
2. Estimate
3. Choose
4. Identify
5. Do, and
6. Evaluate

This systematic approach helps pilots methodically work through challenges, ensuring they consider all relevant factors before taking action.

## Detect

The first step in the DECIDE model is to clearly define the problem at hand. This crucial initial stage, Detect, requires pilots to swiftly identify and articulate the issue they're facing. By accurately pinpointing the problem, pilots can focus their efforts on finding the most appropriate solution. In this phase, gathering all relevant information about the situation is essential. This may include data from aircraft systems, weather reports, observations from crew members, and communications with air traffic control.

## **Estimate**

Once the problem is detected, pilots must estimate its significance and potential impact. This involves assessing the severity of the situation, the time available to respond, and the resources at hand. Pilots evaluate the risks associated with the problem and consider how it might affect the safety of the flight, passengers, and crew.

## **Choose**

With a clear understanding of the problem and its significance, pilots generate a range of possible solutions. This Choose phase is critical, as it encourages creative thinking and helps ensure that no potential course of action is overlooked. Pilots consider various alternatives, taking into account factors such as available resources, time constraints, and potential risks.

## **Identify**

After generating options, pilots must identify the best course of action. This decision is based on a careful assessment of the risks, benefits, and potential outcomes associated with each option. Factors such as safety considerations, fuel efficiency, and passenger comfort all play a role in this selection process. The decision-making process should be collaborative, involving input from all crew members to leverage collective expertise.

## **Do**

Once a decision has been made, it's time to put the plan into action. The Do stage involves clear communication among crew members, delegation of tasks, and precise implementation of the chosen course of action. Each team member must understand their role and responsibilities in executing the plan. Effective execution ensures that all aspects of

the solution are addressed and that resources are utilized efficiently.

## **Evaluate**

The final step in the DECIDE model is ongoing evaluation. Pilots continuously assess the effectiveness of their chosen action and remain prepared to adjust their approach if necessary. This iterative process ensures that the response remains appropriate as the situation evolves. The evaluation phase also provides an opportunity for learning and improvement, allowing pilots to refine their decision-making skills for future situations.

## **DECIDE in Practice: Aviation Example**

To illustrate the application of DECIDE, consider a scenario where pilots encounter unexpected severe turbulence. They would first detect the issue by identifying the severe turbulence threatening passenger safety and aircraft stability. They would gather data on weather conditions, aircraft systems status, and passenger situation. Next, they would estimate the severity of the turbulence, its potential duration, and its impact on the flight path and passenger safety. The pilots would then choose possible actions, such as changing altitude, adjusting course, or diverting to an alternate airport. After identifying the most appropriate option based on gathered information and risk assessment, they would implement the chosen action, communicating clearly with crew and passengers and delegating specific tasks to each crew member. Finally, they would continuously evaluate the situation, assessing the effectiveness of the chosen action and adjusting if necessary.

## **Summary**

The DECIDE decision-making framework, born from the high-stakes world of aviation, offers a structured and effective approach to problem-solving that can be invaluable in corporate settings. By systematically working through each step - Detect, Estimate, Choose, Identify, Do, and Evaluate - business leaders can make informed decisions that prioritize safety, quality, and long-term success. As demonstrated in the TechInnovate case study, DECIDE provides a clear roadmap for navigating complex challenges, encouraging thorough analysis and collaborative problem-solving. While originally developed for pilots, the principles of DECIDE are universally applicable, offering a powerful tool for any organization facing

critical decisions under pressure. By adopting and adapting this framework, companies can enhance their decision-making processes, improve crisis management capabilities, and ultimately build more resilient and successful organizations.